An Unprecedented Marvel of Science, Technology and Engineering

Designated by DOE as a Manhattan Project Signature Facility

B Reactor... a major contributor to world history, science, technology and engineering

- The world's first largescale nuclear reactor
- Part of the largest scientific, engineering and construction project ever – The Manhattan Project
- Played a key role in ending World War II
- An essential piece of American and world history



B Reactor during operation (January 1945)

A unique educational venue along the Hanford Reach National Monument on the Columbia River

Operations Timeline

Fermi	Fermi Pile		1942		December 1942				
Begin B Reactor Construction			1943		October 1943				
B F Sta	B Reactor Startup		1944		S	September 1944			
Tr	Trinity Test					July 16, 1945			
I	Hiroshima Nagasaki Surrendei					Aug	just 6, 1945		
				945	5	Αι	ıgust 9, 1945		
			r			A	ugust 14, 194	5	
_					6				
	Cold War Production								
	1967								
	Shutdown			1968		8	February 19	968	

B Reactor was a significant part of nuclear history for more than 25 years

What Has Happened Since the Reactor Shutdown?

1989	Incl	led in EPA Superfund listing					
1992	En for	ronmental Impact Statement (EIS) lecommissioning reactors					
	·	Demolish 80% of reactor facility followed by long-term storage (cocooning) for up to 75 years					
		B Reactor may be an exception					
199	9	Hanford Comprehensive Land Use EIS					
		 Recommended B Reactor for recreation but not mandatory 					
20	00	Hanford Reach National Monument established					
		 B Reactor is adjacent to the northern portion of the National Monument on the Columbia River 					
2002		Interim Action for B Reactor under CERCLA* (Action Memorandum)					
		Mitigate hazards along tour route					
		Public access for tours until 2012					
	2004	Legislation signed for National Park Service Special Resource Study for Manhattan Project Sites					

* Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act



Reactor Block Details



29 Vertical Safety Rods

• Drop into the core to shut down chain reaction in the event of a malfunction

Process Tubes

- 2004 process tubes penetrate the reactor front to rear
- Process tubes contain the uranium fuel and flow of cooling water

- Reactor block and work area are encased by 3- to 5-foot thick concrete walls
- 32 fuel elements per process tube (200 tons of uranium fuel elements filled the reactor)
- Graphite reactor block consists of 2,200 tons of graphite

Simplified Reactor Operation



Irradiated fuel was discharged from the rear face and stored in a water-filled basin



Fuel was transported in shielded casks to chemical processing plants to separate the plutonium

B Reactor Tour Route is Free from Hazards



Since 2002, \$3.3 million has been invested to remove potential hazards

- Asbestos removed
- Electrical system upgraded
- Ventilation system enhanced to control radon level
- Fire protection improvements provide emergency lighting and egress enhancements
- Study confirmed exhaust stack meets seismic standards
- Safe radiation levels are ensured through continuous monitoring

B Reactor is Tour Ready and Tour Proven

Tour Ready An Unparalelled Educational Opportunity



Experience the excitement and awe of the original structures, piping and equipment!



Observe first-of-a-kind equipment, tools and instruments!

An experience that <u>can not</u> be matched using models, pictures, or reproductions!

Tour Proven

Since the 2002 Action Memorandum, DOE has approved 165 tour groups, with 2700 visitors to B Reactor





Tour Proven - Front Face and Work Area



New fuel was inserted in the front face as irradiated fuel was discharged from the rear



Visitors observe exhibits and displays of reactor equipment, tools and instruments in the work area

Tour Proven - Fan Rooms and Equipment on Display





Original equipment used during reactor operations these large fans supplied ventilation and allowed controlled air flow Hands-on experience of equipment, tools and instruments that were developed and used for the first time ever

Tour Proven - Cooling Water Valve Pit



Main intake piping supplied 30,000 gallons per minute of reactor cooling water

Visitors witness the size and complexity of this first-of-a-kind project



Tour Proven - Control Room ... A Visitor Favorite!



Initial startup (chain reaction) was achieved under the direction of Dr. Enrico Fermi a few minutes before midnight on September 26, 1944

... Feel the history!



Why Preserve B Reactor?



- To SAVE a technical marvel that played a major role in world history, science, technology and engineering
- To *MEMORIALIZE* the men and women who successfully completed one of the world's largest and most complex engineering and construction projects ever achieved!
- To EDUCATE and INTERPRET for current and future generations the significance and lessons learned from Hanford and the Manhattan Project
- To AFFIRM B Reactor's national recognition as an engineering and historic landmark
 - National Historic Mechanical Engineering Landmark (1976)
 - National Register of Historic Places (1992) (National Park Service)
 - Nuclear Historic Landmark (1993)
 - National Civil Engineering Landmark (1994)
- To *PROVIDE* "an interpreted historic exhibit" to support the mission of the new Hanford Reach National Monument (*The Reach*) Heritage and Visitor Center

A cornerstone for Heritage Tourism in the Pacific Northwest

A Cornerstone for Heritage Tourism in the Pacific Northwest

- The premiere science and engineering landmark in the Pacific Northwest
- Strategically located on the Hanford Reach of the Columbia River
- A unique educational venue along the Hanford Reach National Monument
- An opportunity for economic growth for the region through Heritage Tourism by partnering with *The Reach* Heritage and Visitor Center



The Hanford Reach - The last of the free-flowing Columbia River



The Hanford Reach National Monument (*The Reach*) Heritage and Visitor Center -Gateway to the Hanford Reach

But...The Preservation of B Reactor is still in Doubt

Here Today... Here Tomorrow?

B Reactor is on the "Washington Trust's 2004 Most Endangered Properties List"



The Washington Trust of Seattle calls attention to the urgent threat facing B Reactor

The Plan to Preserve B Reactor

- Fund and complete National Park Service (NPS) Special Resource Study
- Delay DOE's decisions on B Reactor until after results of the NPS Study
- Maintain safe tour route and continue public tours in accordance with DOE 2002 Action Memorandum
- Integrate B Reactor with *The Reach* Heritage and Visitor Center as an "interpreted historic exhibit"

B Reactor Preserved



OR

Interim Safe Storage (Cocooned)



Cocooning demolishes 80% of the facility



"Save B Reactor... Demolition of this historic monument is unacceptable!"



B Reactor Museum Association (BRMA)



To learn more about:

B Reactor

- BRMA
- How You Can Help Preserve B Reactor

Visit: www.b-reactor.org

Since 1991, BRMA has been dedicated to the preservation and display of the B Reactor as a museum or interpreted historic site open to the public.